### WOODLAND-DAVIS CLEAN WATER AGENCY DAVIS, CALIFORNIA

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 This Page Left Intentionally Blank

### WOODLAND-DAVIS CLEAN WATER AGENCY DAVIS, CALIFORNIA BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### Page

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to the Financial Statements	7

This Page Left Intentionally Blank



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors of the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency City of Davis, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency (the Agency), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Agency as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 88 – *Certain Disclosures related to Debt including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. See note 6 to the financial statements for details.

In addition, the Agency restated the beginning balances of notes receivable and long-term debt. See Note 4 to the financial statements for details.

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Management has not presented MD&A. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing MD&A. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Maze & Associates

Pleasant Hill, California August 18, 2021

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## WOODLAND-DAVIS CLEAN WATER AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

#### ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$8,450,442
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 2)	2,663,152
Interest receivable	42,497
Non-current Assets:	
Capital assets (Note 3)	
Non-depreciable	3,052,894
Depreciable, net of depreciation	186,561,481
Note Receivable (Note 4)	44,094,852
Total Assets	244,865,318
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,056,355
Loans and bonds payable (Note 6)	7,765,761
Total Current Liabilities	9,822,116
Non-Current:	
Bonds payable (Note 6)	43,171,839
Loans payable (Note 6)	174,609,747
Total Non-Current Liabilities	217,781,586
Total Liabilities	227,603,702
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	(35,932,972)
Unrestricted	53,194,588
Total Net Position	\$17,261,616

See accompanying notes to financial statements

## WOODLAND-DAVIS CLEAN WATER AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Charges for services	\$8,210,146
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Contract Services	6,184,963
Professional services	796,002
Maintenance	362,340
Other	75,363
Depreciation expense (Note 3)	5,592,555
Total operating expense	13,011,223
Total operating loss	(4,801,077)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Use of money and property	260,358
Capital reimbursement to members (Note 7)	(1,648,367)
Other income	10,257,274
Interest expense	(3,268,019)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	5,601,246
Changes in Net Position	800,169
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	16,461,447
Net Position - End of the Year	\$17,261,616

See accompanying notes to financial statements

## WOODLAND-DAVIS CLEAN WATER AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$8,210,146
Payment to vendors	(7,395,785)
Other receipts	10,257,274
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	11,071,635
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
Capital reimbursement to member	(1,648,367)
Receipts from notes receivable	831,877
Principal paid	(7,556,132)
Interest and financing fees paid	(3,268,019)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(11,640,641)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	371,717
	271 717
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	371,717
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(197,289)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of year	11,310,883
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year	\$11,113,594
Descensification of Operating Income to	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(\$4,801,077)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	(\$4,001,077)
to cash flows from operating activities:	
Depreciation	5,592,555
Other income	10,257,274
Change in assets and liabilities	
Accounts payable	22,883
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$11,071,635

See accompanying notes to financial statements

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency (Agency) was established on September 15, 2009, under a joint powers agreement (the JPA Agreement) by the City of Davis and City of Woodland (Member Cities), with a principal goal to provide a long-term, secure, reliable, high-quality water supply for the mutual benefit of the cities.

The Agency is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of two representatives from each of the cities. In addition, the University of California, Davis, also participates in the Agency as a Participating Agency with a non-voting member who sits on the Board.

The accounting policies of the Agency conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Agency's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S. These Statements require that the financial statements described below be presented.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position display information about the primary government (the Agency). These statements include the financial activities of the Agency overall. These statements display the *business-type activities* of the Agency. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Agency uses the accounting principles applicable to enterprise funds. The Agency uses an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The Agency distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Agency's operations. The principal operating revenues of the Agency are charges paid by recipients for goods or services offered by the Agency. The principal operating expenses of the Agency are professional and legal services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **Financial Statement Elements**

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the Agency considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and its equity in the City's pooled investments to be cash equivalents. The Agency considers funds held with the City of Davis to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

#### Net Position

Net position is the excess of all the Agency's assets over all its liabilities. Net position is divided into three captions as described below:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

*Restricted* describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the Agency cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects (expendable) or contributions received in permanent funds (nonspendable).

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted to use.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is the Agency's policy to first apply restricted net position.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In September 2015, the Agency established a Contingency Reserve Fund. The General Manager may use monies from the Fund for authorized purposes to the extent of the General Manager spending authority as established by the Agency Board. Any use of the Fund beyond the General Manager spending authority requires the approval of the Board. The Fund should be used for the following purposes: to pay unbudgeted and unanticipated Agency operation, maintenance, management or administrative expenses that are not covered under the CH2M Hill Service Contract; to provide cash flow money to cover construction costs in the event of delays in receiving timely disbursement of State Revolving Fund money; to fund joint intake facility construction costs that result from a delay or shortfall in receiving full federal or state grant funding for the anticipated funding share; to cover other cash flow needs due to revenue delays or shortfalls; to pay uninsured losses; and to provide for project capital improvements, repairs and replacements to the extent not covered under the Service Contract or Repair and Replacement Account. The balance in the Contingency Reserve Fund, as of June 30, 2019 was \$1,100,788, which is included in Unrestricted Net Position.

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Other than cash and investments with fiscal agents, the Agency pools cash from all sources and all funds with the City of Davis so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while allowing the Agency to make expenditures at any time. The City's investment policy permits investments in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF Pool), California Asset Management Program (CAMP Pool), Certificates of Deposit, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, Banker's Acceptances, Securities of the U.S. Government and its Agencies, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Money Market Mutual Funds, and Local Agency Bonds. Investment income is allocated among funds within the pool on the basis of average daily cash and investment balances in these funds. Interest income on certain investments is allocated based on the source of the investment and legal requirements which apply.

The Agency did not adopt its own investment policy, but rather approved a resolution designating the City of Davis as its depository of Agency's funds. The details of the City of Davis' investment pool and related risks can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. At June 30, 2019, all investments held by the Agency had maturity dates of less than one year.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual rating as of June 30, 2019 for the U.S. Bank Money Market Funds was AAAm as provided by Standard and Poor's investment ratings service.

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the Agency held, in its fiscal agent accounts, money market funds totaling \$2,663,152 which were classified as Level 2 investments of the fair value hierarchy are valued at one dollar per share.

### NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital costs of the Agency, as defined by the JPA Agreement, include costs of construction, financing, acquiring, planning, designing, environmental documentation and permitting, and the funding of a reasonable construction reserve. As defined in the JPA Agreement, all project facilities, other than any "individually-owned project facilities" as specified in the JPA Agreement, shall be owned by and held in the name of the Authority for the benefit of project participants. Upon completion of construction of any individually-owned project facility, the Agency will convey all of its right, title and interest in the completed individually-owned project facility to the Member Cities, whereby the Member Cities would be responsible for the ownership, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, modification and improvement. The Agency has no obligation to operate, maintain, repair, replace, modify, or improve any individually-owned project facilities.

Capital assets activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Balance at June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land Easements	\$3,052,894		\$3,052,894
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,052,894		3,052,894
Capital assets, being depreciated:			
Buildings	137,618,477		137,618,477
Equipment	25,487,660		25,487,660
Utility Underground Systems	40,233,009		40,233,009
Net capital assets being depreciated	203,339,146		203,339,146
Less accumulated depreciation for:			
Buildings	(5,504,740)	(\$2,752,370)	(8,257,110)
Equipment	(2,897,326)	(1,448,663)	(4,345,989)
Utility Underground Systems	(2,783,044)	(1,391,522)	(4,174,566)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,185,110)	(5,592,555)	(16,777,665)
Net capital assets being depreciated	192,154,036	(5,592,555)	186,561,481
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$195,206,930	(\$5,592,555)	\$189,614,375

### NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

### **City of Davis**

The Agency has an installment agreement with the City of Davis, California, and receive payments from the net revenues of the City's Water Fund. The installment receivable mirrors the Agency's debt service payments for the 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A, and 2015 Second Subordinate Bonds, Series B. As of June 30, 2019, the balance of the note receivables from the City of Davis was \$20,429,239 from the City of Davis. See further discussion in Note 6 to the financial statements.

### City of Woodland

The Agency has an installment agreement with the City of Woodland, California, and will receive payments from the net revenues of the City's Water Fund. The installment receivable mirrors the Agency's debt service payments for the 2017 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A and the 2017 Second Subordinate Refunding Bonds, Series B. As of June 30, 2019, the balance of the note receivable was \$23,665,613. See further discussion in Note 6 in the financial statement.

The above note receivable and related bonds payable were not previously reported on the Agency's financial statements. As a result, the Agency increased the beginning balances of both notes receivable and long-term debt by \$24,087,733 at July 1, 2018. However, there was no effect on the Agency's net positions as a result of the adjustment.

### NOTE 5 – CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Agency members, City of Woodland and City of Davis, contribute a proportionate share of the overall project costs. To support anticipated project costs, both of the cities of Woodland and Davis have adopted respective multi-year water rate ordinances consistent with the public approval process required by Proposition 218.

### NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The Agency generally incurs long-term debt for finance projects or purchase assets, which have useful lives equal or greater than the related debt. The Agency's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018			
	as restated		Balance	Current
	See Note 4	Retirements	June 30, 2019	Portion
Bonds:				
<ul> <li>2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A</li> <li>3.00% - 5.00%, due 3/1/39</li> <li>2017 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A</li> </ul>	\$18,995,000	\$380,000	\$18,615,000	\$415,000
2.00% - 5.00%, due 3/1/39	21,780,000	175,000	21,605,000	435,000
Total	40,775,000	555,000	40,220,000	850,000
Direct Borrowings:				
2015 Second Subordinate Bonds, Series B				
4.697%, due 3/1/39	1,843,996	29,757	1,814,239	36,794
2017 Second Subordinate Refunding Bonds, Series B				
5.00%, due 3/1/39	2,307,733	247,120	2,060,613	36,219
Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan				
1.79%, due 9/30/46	101,127,837	4,376,995	96,750,842	4,455,584
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Project				
1.70%, due 9/30/46	87,048,913	2,347,260	84,701,653	2,387,164
Total	192,328,479	7,001,132	185,327,347	6,915,761
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$233,103,479	\$7,556,132	\$225,547,347	\$7,765,761

### 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds Series A and Series B

In December 2015 the Agency issued the 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds Series A in the amount of \$19,495,000. The proceeds from the 2015 Series A Bonds were used to refund the outstanding principal amount of the 2010 Note. The 2010 Note was used to finance the acquisition of water rights on behalf of the City of Davis. The 2015 Bonds Series A bonds bear a variable interest rate of 3.00% - 5.00%.

Proceeds from the 2015 Second Subordinate Bonds Series B will be used to finance the acquisition of the water rights on behalf of the City of Davis. The 2015 Series B Bonds are payable from Installment Payments remaining after payment of the 2015 Series A Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at a rate of 4.697%.

Principal payments of the Bonds are due annually on March 1 through 2039 and semi-annual interest payments of the bonds are due September 1 and March 1 commencing on September 1, 2016. The bonds are payable from revenues of the Agency, consisting primarily of installment payments made by the City of Davis to the Agency.

### NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The Bonds are payable from the net revenues of its water enterprise system. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the Agency to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: (1) default on debt service payments; (2) failure of the Agency to observe or perform the conditions, covenants or agreement terms of the debt; (3) insolvency or bankruptcy filing of the Agency; (4) or if an court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the Agency. There were no such events during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The outstanding balance on the Bonds as of June 30, 2019 was \$18,615,000 and \$1,814,239 for Series A and B, respectively.

### 2017 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds Series A and Series B

In November 2017, the Agency issued the Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 A in the principal amount of \$22,270,000. The proceeds from the 2015 Series A Bonds were used to refund the outstanding principal amount of the Preservation Group note. The 2017 Bonds Series A bonds bear an interest rate of 2.00% - 5.00%.

Proceeds from the 2017 Subordinate Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 B in the principal amount of \$2,414,055 were used to refinance a portion of the Preservation Group note. The Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5.00%.

Principal payments of the Bonds are due annually on March 1 through 2039 and semi-annual interest payments of the bonds are due September 1 and March 1 commencing on March 1, 2018. The bonds are payable from revenues of the Agency, consisting primarily of installment payments made by the City of Woodland to the Agency.

Covenants within the installment purchase agreement require the City of Woodland is to establish annual rates sufficient to pay operating expenses and debt service payments in each fiscal year. In addition, such rates shall be charged to produce net revenues equal to at least 110% of the debt service payments due and payable in each fiscal year.

The Bonds are payable from the net revenues of its water enterprise system. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the Agency to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: (1) default on debt service payments or any additional payments due; (2) failure of the Agency to observe or perform the conditions, covenants or agreement terms of the debt; (3) insolvency or bankruptcy filing of the Agency; (4) or Default by the Agency under the terms of any obligation secured by a pledge of Net Revenues, including Senior Obligations and Parity Obligations. There were no such events during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The outstanding balance on the Bonds as of June 30, 2019 was \$21,605,000 and \$2,060,613 for Series A and B, respectively.

### NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

**Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan** – In June 2014, the Agency executed a funding agreement with the California State Department of Public Health to assist in financing the construction of a project which will enable the Agency to meet safe drinking water standards. The funds are specifically to finance the City of Woodland's share of regional project costs incurred by the Agency and may be used only for eligible project costs as approved by the State. The loan in the amount of \$111,358,449 bears an interest rate of 1.79% and will be repaid over the term of 20 years. The loan amount will be recognized upon drawdown of loan proceeds based on qualified projects expenses. As of June 30, 2019, the Agency had total drawdowns of \$103,294,819 with a \$4,376,995 of current year principal retirement.

The Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan is payable from the net revenues of its water enterprise system. The loan covenant contains events of default that require the revenue of the Agency to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: (1) default on debt service payments and remittances required by agreement; (2) material breach of agreement; (3) false warranty, representation, and statement with respect to the project; (4) loss, theft, damage and seizure of collateral given as security; (5) insolvency or bankruptcy filing by the Agency. There were no such events during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

**Clean Water State Revolving Fund Project** – In December 2014, the Agency executed a public owned treatment works construction financing installment sale agreement with the California State Water Resources Board to assist in financing the construction of a project in relation to the Clean Water Act. The funds are specifically to finance the City of Davis share of regional project costs incurred by the Agency and may be used only for eligible project costs as approved by the State. The loan in the amount of \$95,461,000 bears an interest rate of 1.70% and will be repaid over the term of 30 years with the first payment due on principal and interest on September 30, 2017 and the last payment due on September 30, 2046. As of June 30, 2019, the Agency had total drawdowns of \$89,397,519 with a \$2,347,260 of current year principal retirement.

Fiscal Year Ending	<u>Bonds</u>		Direct Bor	rowings
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$850,000	\$1,693,064	\$6,915,761	\$3,337,773
2021	935,000	1,663,214	7,041,017	3,213,653
2022	1,015,000	1,630,364	7,177,760	3,087,172
2023	1,105,000	1,589,414	7,316,595	2,957,846
2024	1,205,000	1,548,664	7,449,275	2,825,648
2025-2029	7,920,000	6,718,070	39,413,514	12,049,987
2030-2034	11,515,000	4,693,202	43,298,812	8,307,269
2035-2039	15,675,000	2,208,688	38,313,294	4,228,004
2040-2044			17,299,620	1,835,839
2045-2047			11,101,699	379,579
Total	\$40,220,000	\$21,744,680	\$185,327,347	\$42,222,770

Future principal and interest payments on long-term debt were as follows at June 30, 2019:

### NOTE 7 – CAPITAL REIMBURSEMENT TO MEMBER

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Agency provided reimbursements to its member agencies totaling \$1,648,367. All of the amounts were reimbursed to the City of Woodland. Both City of Davis and City of Woodland had secured short-term financing to cover project planning and preliminary design work in advance of securing the State Revolving Fund loans as the primary financing for the Surface Water capital project costs. The reimbursement payments represent funds drawn down from each city's SRF loan to reimburse costs previously advanced by the cities prior to securing long-term financing.

## NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The JPA Agreement for the Agency requires that the Agency maintain insurance in an amount sufficient to protect the Agency and its member Cities. Insurance shall include coverage for automobile liability, comprehensive general liability, public officials' errors and omissions, workers' compensation, excess liability and other perils as directed by the Board of Directors.

The Agency is a member of the Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority which provides annual coverage for general liability and automobile liability. The excess coverage for both general liability and automobile liability insurance is \$40,000,000 with a deductible of \$5,000. The Agency has not had any settlements in excess of the coverage in the last three years.

### NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTIES

The Cities of Davis and Woodland charge the Agency for administrative services provided throughout the year for use of administrative staff, accounting systems, and other administrative services provided to the Agency. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City of Woodland and the City of Davis charged the Agency \$40,000 and \$40,000 respectively. These charges were expensed as operating expenses.

### NOTE 10 – COMMITMENT

The Agency has a significant contractual agreement with CH2M Hill for engineering, construction and operating contracts relating to the design, construction and operation of the Water Supply Project. This contract will be paid in future periods as the work is performed. Payment will be made with capital contributions from the member agencies, proceeds from the State Revolving Loans, and future operating revenues to be received.

### NOTE 11 – CONTINGENCIES

The Agency is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the Agency there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Agency.